PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

REC'D 2 5 NOV 2005

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference BW26F	FOR FURTHER ACT	ON s	ee Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No. PCT/IT2004/000054	International filing date (day 12.02.2004	/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 03.11.2003			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC A61K7/32, A61K33/04, D06M1/52						
Applicant SICEM INDUSTRIALE S.P.A.et al.						
Authority under Article 35 and tra	 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 					
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 7 sheets, including this	cover sheet.				
3. This report is also accompanied i	by ANNEXES, comprising	:				
a 🖾 sent to the applicant and t	to the International Bureau) a total of 3 sheets,	as follows:			
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.						
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).						
4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:						
☑ Box No. I Basis of the op	oinion					
☐ Box No. II Priority						
☐ Box No. III Non-establish	ment of opinion with regar	d to novelty, inventive	step and industrial applicability			
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of	of invention					
applicability; o	— A will a GE (0) with regard to povolby inventive step or industrial					
☐ Box No. VI Certain docum						
☐ Box No. VII Certain defect						
☐ Box No. VIII Certain obser	vations on the internations	al application				
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of the	nis report			
20.07.2005		25.11.2005				
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/IT2004/000054

	Вох	No. I	Basis of the report
1.	With filed	th regard to the language , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was d, unless otherwise indicated under this item.	
		This re which i	port is based on translations from the original language into the following language , s the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:
		☐ inte	rnational search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) lication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) rnational preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2. With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based of have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):		o heen	I to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this priginally filed" and are not annexed to this report):
	Des	cription	, Pages
	1-7		as originally filed
	Clai	ims, Nuı	mbers
16- 1-1		19	as originally filed
		5	as amended (together with any statement) under Art. 19 PCT
		a sequ	uence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing
3.		The a	mendments have resulted in the cancellation of:
			description, pages claims, Nos.
		☐ the	drawings, sheets/figs
		☐ the	e sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> : y table(s) related to sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> :
4.	. ⊠ ha∈ Su	d not be	eport has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below een made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the ntal Box (Rule 70.2(c)).
		⊠ the □ the	e description, pages e claims, Nos. 1 (in part), 2, 3 (partially), 8, 10 (partially), 11., (partially) e drawings, sheets/figs e sequence listing (specify): by table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):
	_		y table(s) related to sequence listing (specify).
	*	Tfi	tem 4 applies, some of all of these bliefes may be marked supersoner.

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

3-7 11-13

No: Claims

1, 10, 15

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

3-7, 11-13

No: Claims

1, 9, 10, 14, 15

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1, 3-7, 9-15

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

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Re Item I Basis of the report

The amendments filed with the International Bureau under Article 19(1) introduce subject-matter which extends beyond the content of the application as filed, contrary to Article 19(2) PCT. The amendments concerned are the following:

Claims 1, 2, 3, 8, 10 and 11: The word "resin" has been replaced by the expression "polymeric binder".

Claim 2: It is not explicitly nor implicitly disclosed in the originally filed application that acrylic, silicone, butadiene and polyurethane resins may be distributed in non-aqueous compositions.

Moreover polyurethane is only used as a glue.

Claim 3: It is not explicitly nor implicitly disclosed in the originally filed application that butadiene and polyurethane resins may be distributed in aqueous compositions. Concerning polyurethane, the same remark as above applies.

Claim 8: New claim 8 is now depending from claim 1 resulting from a combination of originally filed claims 1, 2 and 3. Moreover, claim 8 is based on originally filed claim 10 which was depending from claims 2 and 1. Consequently, in the originally filed application the combination of original claims 1, 2, 3 and 10 has never been disclosed.

Claim 11: It is not explicitly nor implicitly disclosed in the originally filed application that butadiene and polyurethane resins may be distributed in aqueous compositions. Polyurethane was only mentioned as a glue.

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Examination was carried out on claims or parts of claims which appear to meet the

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requirements of Article 19(2) PCT, i.e. claims whose subject-matter does not extend beyond the content of the application as originally filed:

Claim 1: by restoring the word "resin" instead of the expression "polymeric binder".

Claim 2: not examined

Claim 3: only insofar as relating to acrylic or silicone resin and the word "resin" has been restored in place of the expression "polymeric binder".

Claims 4-7: as amended Claim 8: not examined Claims 9: as amended

Claim 10: insofar as the word "resin" has been restored in place of the expression "polymeric binder".

Claims 11: only insofar as relating to acrylic or silicone resin and the word "resin" has been restored in place of the expression "polymeric binder".

Claims 12-15: as amended.

Novelty / Inventive step:

Remark: for novelty assessment, the expression "intended to be worn on the human foot" is not a limiting feature.

Moreover, it is assumed that sooner or later, resins comprising sulphur will always release sulphur in the course of time and hence, the feature "releasing in the course of time" is not at all a limiting feature.

1) The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of claims 1, 10 and 15 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. D4 (US-A-4260660) discloses textiles materials which have been treated with a composition comprising an acrylic type latex and sulphur (see example 3, lines 52-56 and line 66).

Therefore the subject-matter of claims 1, 10 and 15 is not novel regarding to D4.

2) The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of claims 1, 10 and 15 does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

The subject-matter of a claim which is not novel does not involve an inventive step.

The subject-matter of claims 9 and 14 is trivial and does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

3)Concerning dependent claims 3-7 and 11-13, the document D1(JP-A-9285483) is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of those claims and discloses nonwoven fabric materials bearing sulphur. The treated fabrics are used to control the growth of athlete's foot bacteria and to deodorise foot odour.

The subject-matter of claims 3-7 and 11-13 therefore differs from this known D1 in that additionally a resin has been added to the aqueous treating bath.

Therefore, the subject-matter of claims 3-7 and 1-13 is novel regarding to D1.

The technical effect caused by this difference is not shown, therefore the objective technical problem could be " how to provide an alternative to what is known from the closest prior art".

There are no hints in the prior art that would suggest the skilled person to treat the textile materials with aqueous bath comprising sulphur and a resin,

Therefore, the subject-matter of claims 3-7 and 11-13 involves an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

Industrial Applicability:

The subject-matter of claims 1, 3-7 and 9-15 is considered to meet the requirements of Article 33(4)PCT.

Re Item VII

Certain defects in the international application

1) The document D1 has not been identified in the description and the relevant background art disclosed therein has not been briefly summarised in an objective way. Hence, the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii)PCT are not fulfilled.

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- 2) The final paragraph on page 7 implies that the extent of protection may be expanded in some vague and not precisely defined way; cf. the International Search and Preliminary Guidelines Chapter 5.30.
- 3) The description has not been adapted to the last amended set of claims, this leading to an inconsistency between claims and description, cf. the International Search and Preliminary Guidelines Chapter 5.29.

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CLAIMS

- 1. A method for treating the smell of the human foot making use of an active deodorizing principle, characterized in that said active principle consists of elementary sulphur or, in any case, a substance capable of liberating elementary sulphur.
 - 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said active principle is utilized for treating or, partially or wholly, impregnating textile and/or footwear products intended to be worn on the foot.
 - 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein said textile products are treated or impregnated with a composition comprising, besides said active principle, a resin capable of stably fixing said active principle to said products and to release it gradually in the course of time.
 - 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein said active principle and said resin are distributed in a non-aqueous composition with which said products are impregnated or sprayed.
- 20 5. The method according to claim 3 or claim 4, wherein said active principle and said resin are distributed in an aqueous bath in which said products are immersed.
- 6. The method according to claim 5, wherein said active principle in said aqueous bath has a concentration comprised between 0,3 and 1.0 g/l, said resin being a silicon resin and having a concentration comprised between about 10 and 20 g/l, said aqueous bath comprising also a cationic surfactant and a softener having a concentration of, respectively, between about 10 and 20 g/l and between about 2 and 5 g/l.
 - 7. The method according to claim 6, wherein said aqueous bath is brought to a temperature of at least 40°C.

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- 8. The method according to claim 5, wherein said active principle has a concentration comprised between 5 and 10 g/l and is emulsified with a non-ionic surfactant, said resin being an emulsified acrylic resin and having a concentration comprised between about 3 and 5 g/l, the bath having a pH made slightly acid by means of acetic acid in case of wool-base products or a neutral pH in case of products with a cellulose base.
- 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein said textile products, subsequently to said bath, are wrung and dried at a temperature of at least about 150°C in order to polymerize said acrylic resin.
 - 10. The method according to claim 2, wherein said active principle is mixed with a glue utilized for assembling a shoe or a part thereof.
 - 11. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said active principle is wettable micronized sulphur.
- 12. A composition for the deodorizing treatment of the human foot making use of an active deodorizing principle, characterized in that said active principle is elementary sulphur.
- 13. The method according to claim 12, capable of being utilized for partially or integrally treating textile and/or footwear products intended to be worn on the foot, comprising in addition to said active principle also a resin capable of stably fixing said active principle on said products and to release it gradually in the course of time.
- 30 14. The method according to claim 13, comprising said active principle and said resin distributed in an aqueous bath in which said products are immersed.

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- 15. The method according to claim 14, wherein said active principle has a concentration comprised between 0,3 and 1.0 g/l, said resin being a silicon resin and having a concentration comprised between about 10 and 20 g/l, said aqueous bath comprising also a cationic surfactant and a softener having a concentration of, respectively, between about 10 and 20 g/l and between about 2 and 5 g/l.
- 16. The method according to claim 14, wherein said active principle has a concentration comprised between 5 and 10 g/l and is emulsified with a non-ionic surfactant, said resin being an emulsified acrylic resin and having a concentration comprised between about 3 and 5 g/l, the bath having a pH made slightly acid by means of acetic acid in case of wool-base products or a neutral pH in case of products with a cellulose base.
 - 17. The method according to claim 12, wherein said composition is a deodorizing cream for local application, comprising about 3% by weight of elementary sulphur mixed with vaseline and lanoline in equal percentages.
- 20 18. The method according to claims 12 to 17, wherein said active principle is wettable micronized sulphur.
 - 19. Textile and/or footwear products integrally or partially impregnated or treated with a composition in accordance with any of claims 12 to 18.

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AMENDED CLAIMS [Received by the International Bureau on 11 February 2005 (11.02.05); original claims 1-19 replaced by amended claims 1-15]

1. A method for treating or, partially or wholly, impregnating textile and/or footwear products intended to be worn on the human foot making use of an active deodorizing principle consisting of elementary sulphur or, in any case, a substance capable of liberating elementary sulphur, characterized in that said products are treated or impregnated with a composition comprising, besides said active principle, a polymeric binder for stably fixing said active principle to said products and releasing it gradually in the course of time.

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- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said polymeric binder is an acrylic, silicone, butadiene or polyurethane resin, said active principle and said resin being distributed in a non-aqueous composition with which said products are impregnated or sprayed.
- 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein said polymeric binder is an acrylic, silicone, butadiene or polyurethane resin, said active principle and said resin being distributed in an aqueous bath in which said products are immersed.
- 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein said active principle in said aqueous bath has a concentration comprised between 0,3 and 1.0 g/l, said resin being a silicon resin and having a concentration comprised between about 10 and 20 g/l, said aqueous bath comprising also a cationic surfactant and a softener having a concentration of, respectively, between about 10 and 20 g/l and between about 2 and 5 g/l.
- 30 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein said aqueous bath is brought to a temperature of at least 40°C.
 - 6. The method according to claim 3, wherein said active

AMENDED SHEET (ARTICLE 19)

principle has a concentration comprised between 5 and 10 g/l and is emulsified with a non-ionic surfactant, said resin being an emulsified acrylic resin and having a concentration comprised between about 3 and 5 g/l, the bath having a pH made slightly acid by means of acetic acid in case of wool-base products or a neutral pH in case of products with a cellulose base.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein said textile products, subsequently to said bath, are wrung and dried at a temperature of at least about 150°C in order to polymerize said acrylic resin.

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- 8. The method according to claim 1, wherein said polymeric binder is a glue utilized for assembling a shoe or a part thereof.
- 9. The method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said active principle is wettable micronized sulphur.
 - 10. A composition for partially or integrally treating textile and/or footwear products intended to be worn on the human foot, said composition making use of an active deodorizing principle consisting of elementary sulphur or, in any case, a substance capable of liberating elementary sulphur, characterized in that it comprises, in addition to said active principle, a polymeric binder for stably fixing said active principle on said products and releasing it gradually in the course of time.
 - 11. The composition according to claim 10, wherein said polymeric binder is an acrylic, silicone, butadiene or polyiurethane resin, said active principle and said resin being distributed in an aqueous bath in which said products are immersed.
 - 12. The composition according to claim 11, wherein said

active principle has a concentration comprised between 0,3 and 1.0 g/l, said resin being a silicon resin and having a concentration comprised between about 10 and 20 g/l, said aqueous bath comprising also a cationic surfactant and a softener having a concentration of, respectively, between about 10 and 20 g/l and between about 2 and 5 g/l.

- 13. The composition according to claim 11, wherein said active principle has a concentration comprised between 5 and 10 g/l and is emulsified with a non-ionic surfactant,
- said resin being an emulsified acrylic resin and having a concentration comprised between about 3 and 5 g/l, the bath having a pH made slightly acid by means of acetic acid in case of wool-base products or a neutral pH in case of products with a cellulose base.
- 15 14. The composition according to claims 10 to 13, wherein said active principle is wettable micronized sulphur.
 - 15. Textile and/or footwear products integrally or partially impregnated or treated with a composition in accordance with any of claims 10 to 14.